

# Mechanical alignment in TKR

## What are important targets and how do we best achieve it

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UNIVERSITY TEACHING CENTER



Hospices Civils de Lyon

# Conflicts of interest

- *Consultant :*  
Heraeus  
Tornier  
Amplitude  
Lepine  
Smith and Nephew
- *Scientific societies:*  
ISAKOS : Deputy Chair Arthroplasty Committee  
EKS : Travelling fellowship Committee
- *Editorial board:*  
KSSTA  
OTSR  
Maitrise Orthopédique

# Mechanical alignment

1. *Definition ?*
2. Important targets ?
3. How do we best achieve it ?

Understand  
Our  
Patients'  
Anatomy



# The Chitranjan Ranawat Award

Is Neutral Mechanical Alignment Normal for All Patients?

The Concept of Constitutional Varus

Clin Orthop Relat Res (2012) 470:45–53

Johan Bellemans MD, PhD, William Colyn MD,  
Hilde Vandenneucker MD, Jan Victor MD, PhD

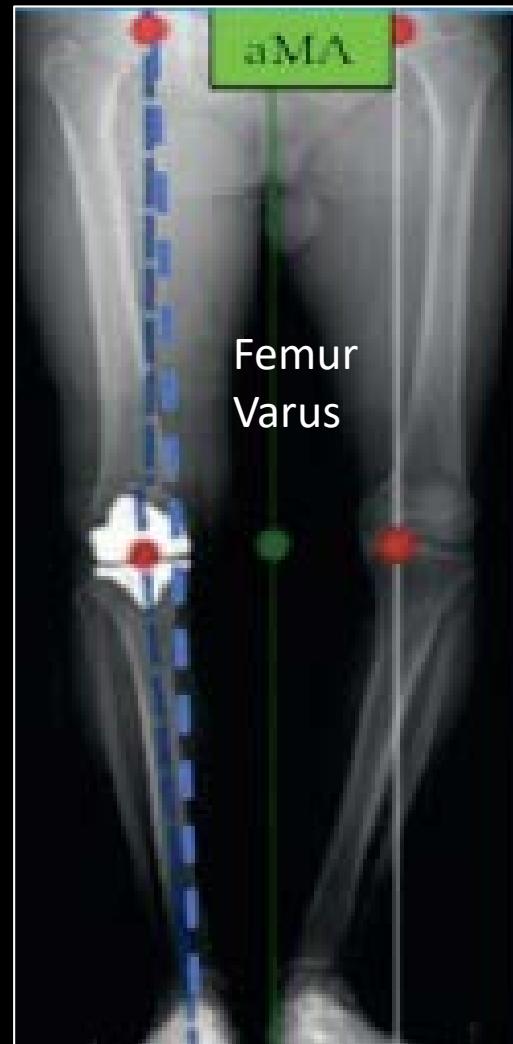
- 250 asymptomatic patients (20 -27 years)
- All patients had full-length standing x-rays
- Results
  - 32% of males > 3° constitutional varus
  - 17% of women > 3° constitutional varus



# KINEMATIC ALIGNMENT



# « HYBRID » ALIGNMENT



## « MECHANICAL » Alignment

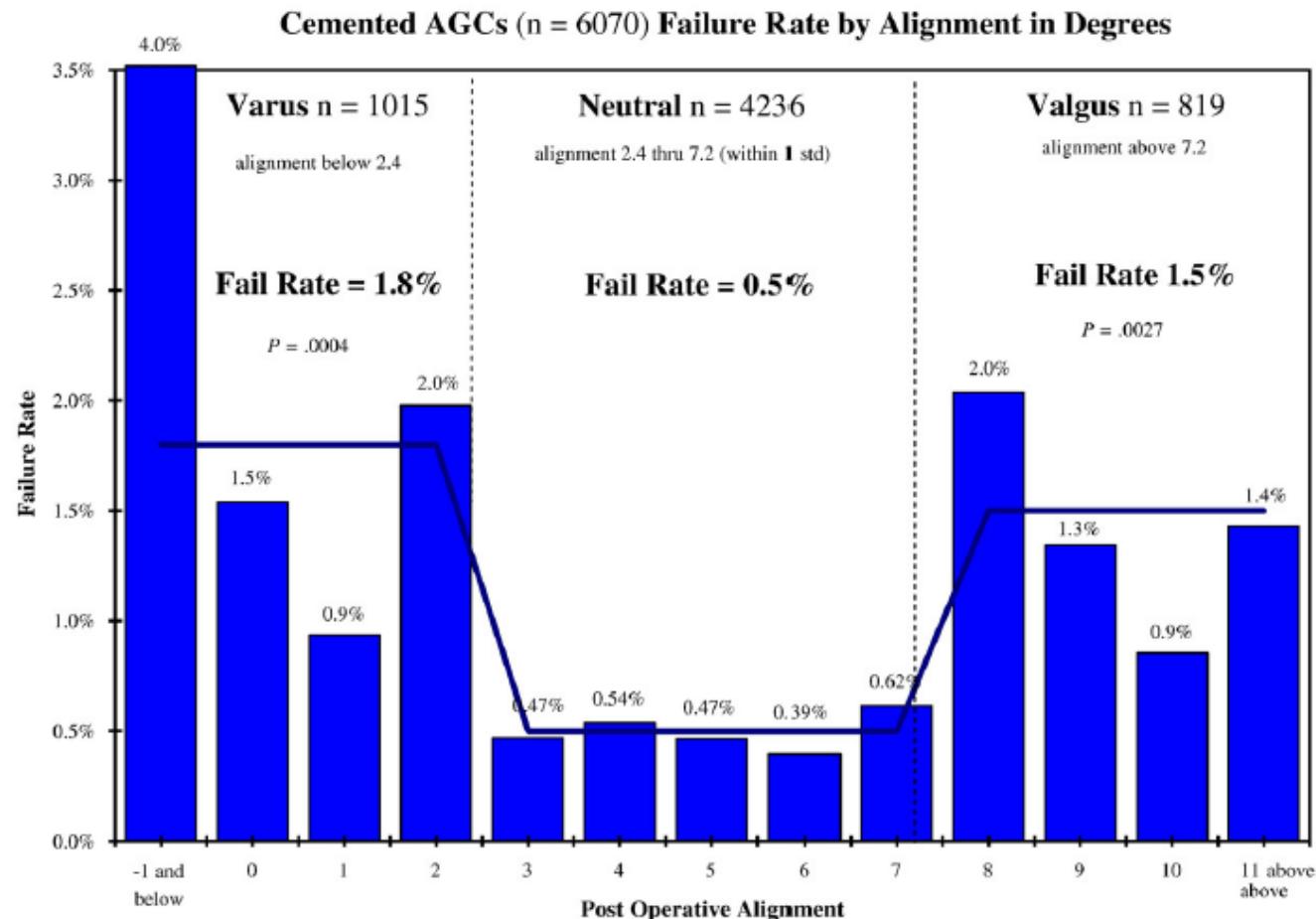


# Coronal Alignment in Total Knee Arthroplasty

Just How Important is it?

David M. Fang, MD,\* Merrill A. Ritter, MD,† and Kenneth E. Davis, MS†

*n = 6070 PTG*



# Post operative Mal alignment

- Deviation of more than two or three degrees from this alignment, particularly in varus, has been associated increased rates of **aseptic loosening and failure**

Bergen et al, CORR, 1983

Berend et al, CORR, 2004

Fang et al, J Arthroplasty, 2009

Insall et al, CORR, 1985

Jeffery et al, JBJS-Br, 1991

Lewallen et al, JBJS-Am, 1984

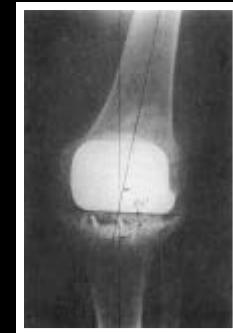
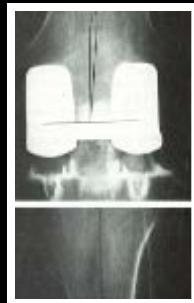
Moreland JR, CORR, 1988

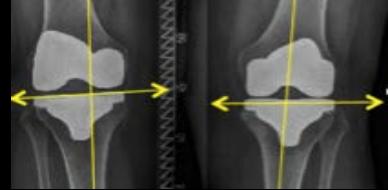
Ritter et al, CORR, 1994

Tew and Waugh, JBJS-Br, 1985

# Historical Background

- *Lotke PA and Ecker ML, JBJS Am 1977*: Short X-rays
- *Hvid I and Nielsen S, Acta Orthop Scand, 1984*: Short X-rays
- *Rand JA and Coventry MB, Clin Orthop, 1988*: Short X-rays
- *Bargren JH et al., CORR, 1983*: Short X-rays
- *Moreland J, CORR, 1988*: Review
- *Berend ME et al., CORR, 1988*: Short X-rays
- *Jeffery RS et al., JBJS Br, 1991*: **Full-length X-rays**





# Tibial loading ?

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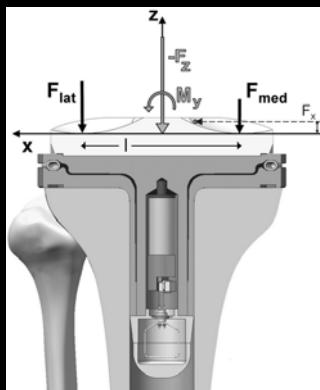
## Influence of Limb Alignment on Mediolateral Loading in Total Knee Replacement

In Vivo Measurements in Five Patients

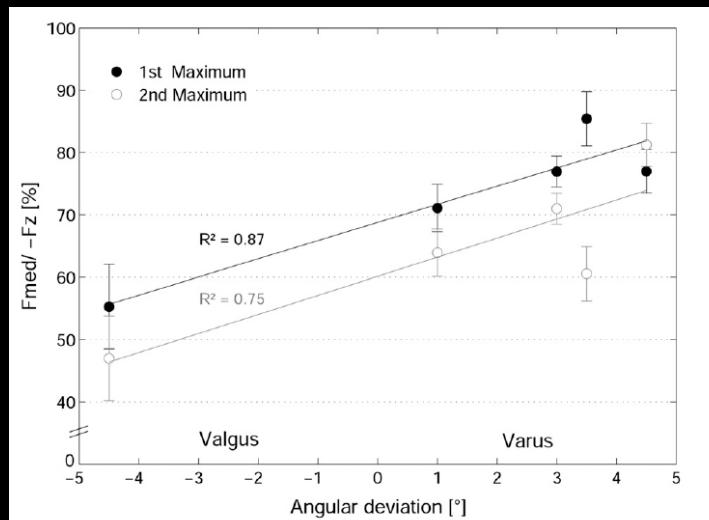
Andreas Halder, MD, PhD, Ines Kutzner, Friedmar Graichen, PhD, Bernd Heinlein, Prof.,  
Alexander Beier, MD, and Georg Bergmann, Prof.

*Investigation performed at Klinik für Endoprothetik Sommerfeld, Sommerfeld, Germany*

5 instrumented  
TKA

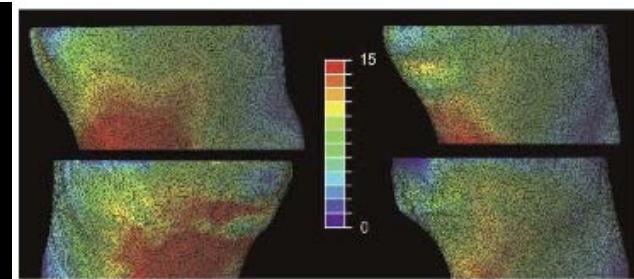
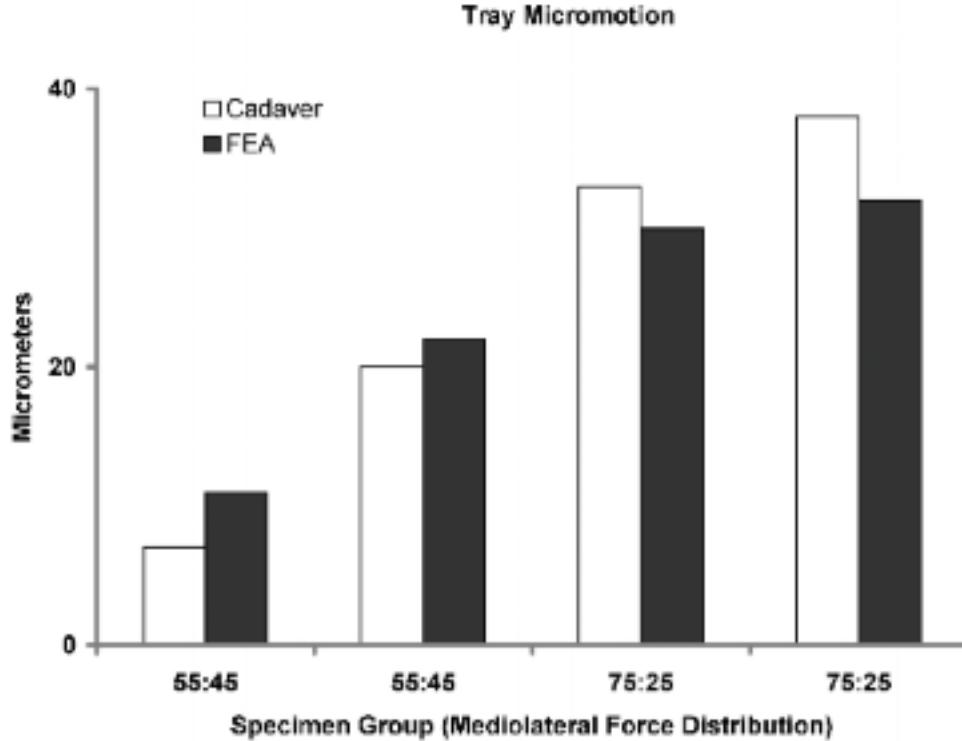


1° varus  
= 5% loading

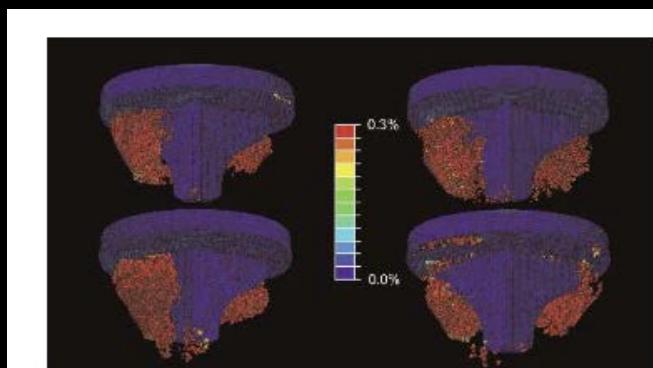


## Predicting the Effect of Tray Malalignment on Risk for Bone Damage and Implant Subsidence after Total Knee Arthroplasty

Jowene Wong,<sup>1</sup> Nikolai Steklov,<sup>1</sup> Shantanu Patil,<sup>1</sup> Cesar Flores-Hernandez,<sup>1</sup> Mark Kester,<sup>2</sup> Clifford W. Colwell Jr.,<sup>1</sup> and Darryl D. D'Lima<sup>1</sup>



**Figure 5.** Contour map of von Mises distribution (MPa) in proximal tibia in specimen-specific models. (Left) Two specimens were tested under mediolateral distribution of 75:25; (right) Two specimens were tested under mediolateral distribution of 55:45.

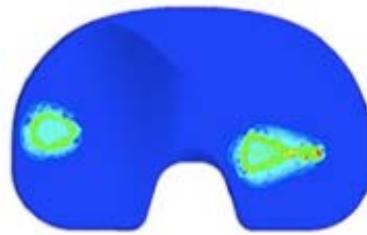


**Figure 7.** A greater volume of cancellous bone in the medial tibia was at risk for fatigue damage in specimens tested under mediolateral distribution of 75:25 (left) than those tested under mediolateral distribution of 55:45 (right). Unit for contour map = % strain.

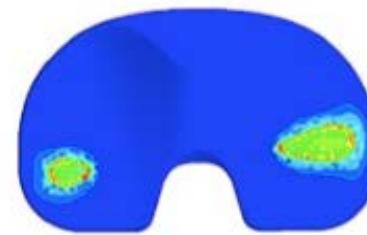
# The effects of kinematically aligned total knee arthroplasty on stress at the medial tibia

A CASE STUDY FOR VARUS KNEE

Severe varus



42.7 MPa



60.4 MPa

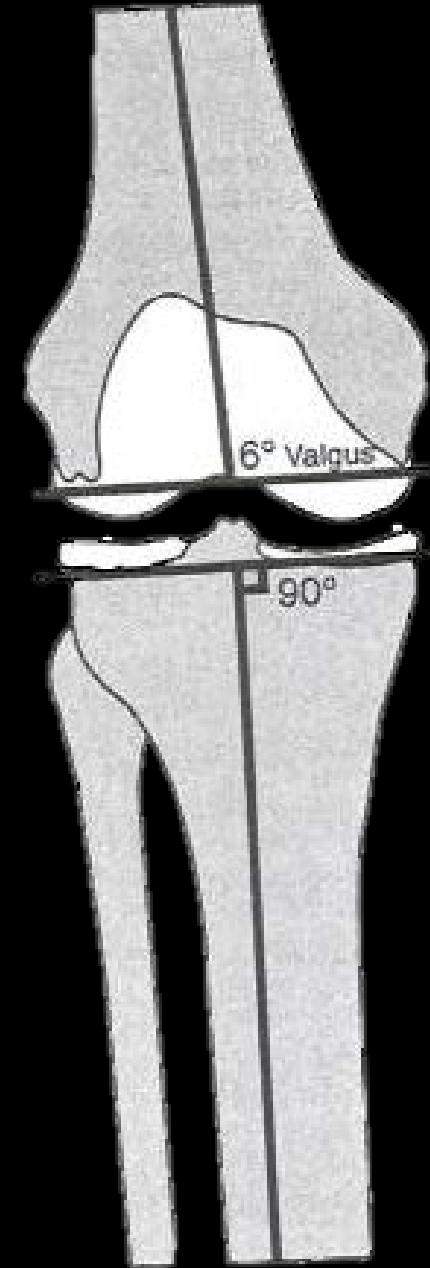
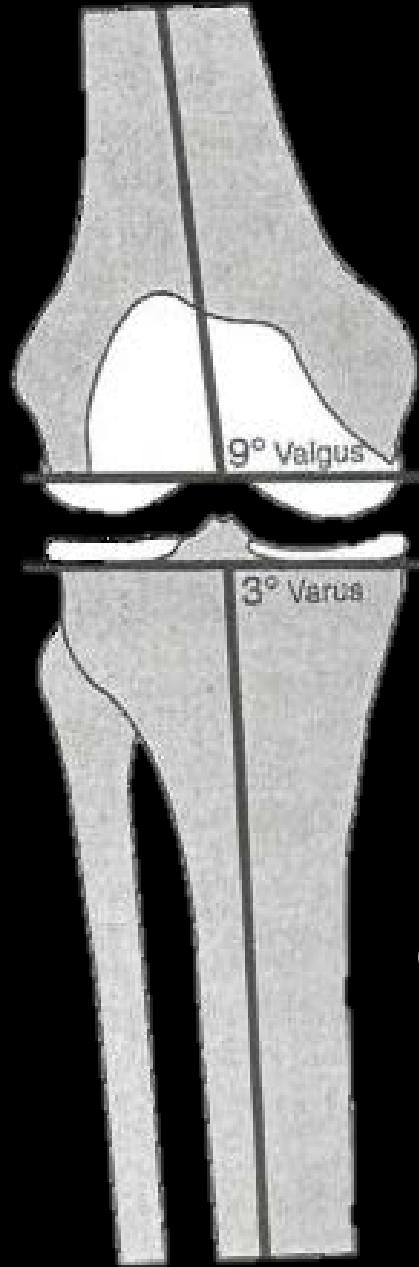
**S. Nakamura,\*  
Y. Tian,\*  
Y. Tanaka,  
S. Kuriyama,  
H. Ito,  
M. Furu,  
S. Matsuda**

« ... » However, KA TKA increased the contact force, stress and bone strain at the medial side for moderate and severe varus knee models. The application of KA TKA for severe varus knees may be inadequate. « ... »

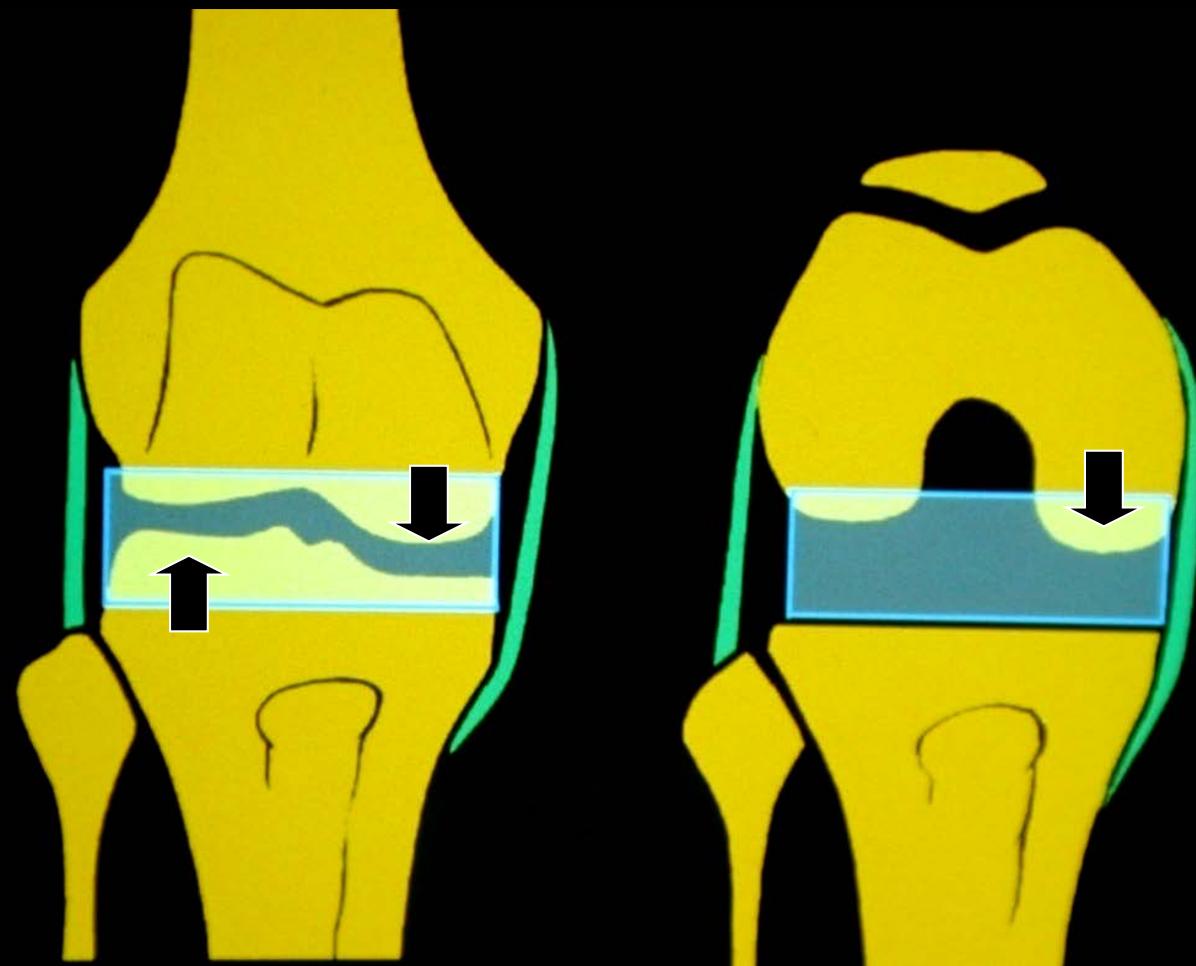
# Mechanical alignment

1. *Definition ?*
2. *Important targets ?*
3. *How do we best achieve it ?*

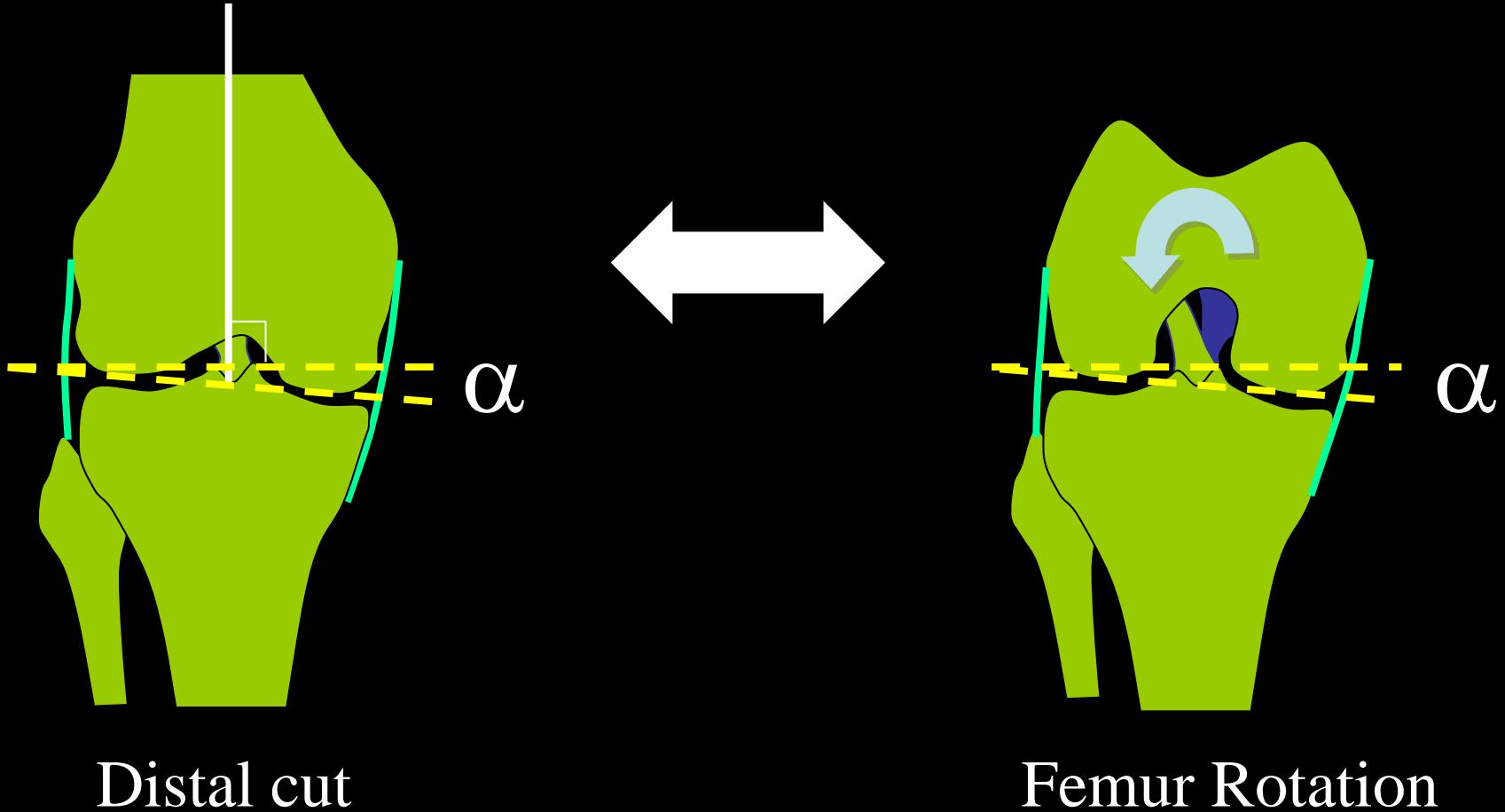
# TKA Dogma



Remove Varus in the tibia  
Remove some valgus in the femur  
Change the joint line  
«Balance the ligaments »



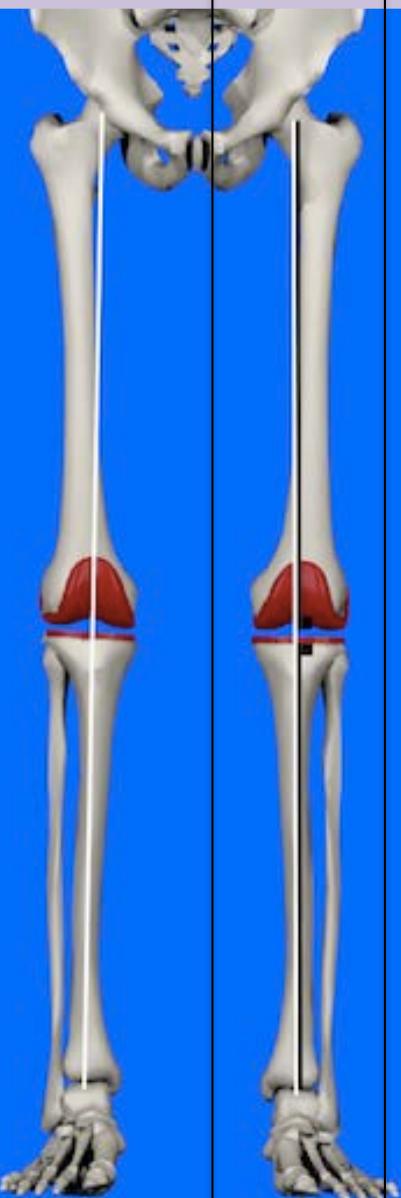
Gap: Extension - Flexion



# Systematic Alignment techniques

AA

MA



MA technique

“systematic approach”

**F flexion**

**similar**

**F distal cut**

**perpendicular to femoral mechanical axis**

**F posterior cut**

- external rotation/PCL
- measured resect° or gap balancing

**T frontal cut**

**perpendicular mechanical axis of tibia**

**T slope**

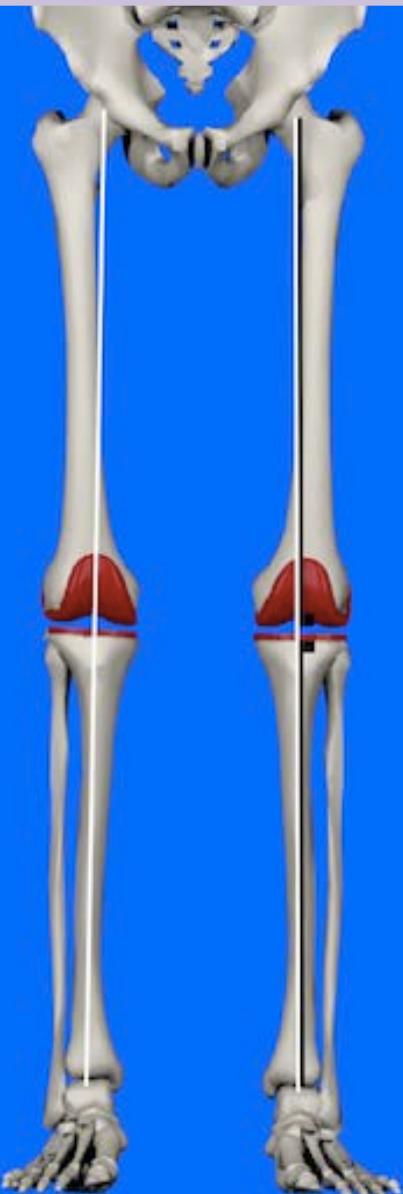
**2 to 7° posterior slope**

**T rotation**

**towards ATT**

# Systematic Alignment techniques

AA      MA



## MA technique

“systematic approach”

**F flexion**

**similar**

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**2 to 7° posterior slope**

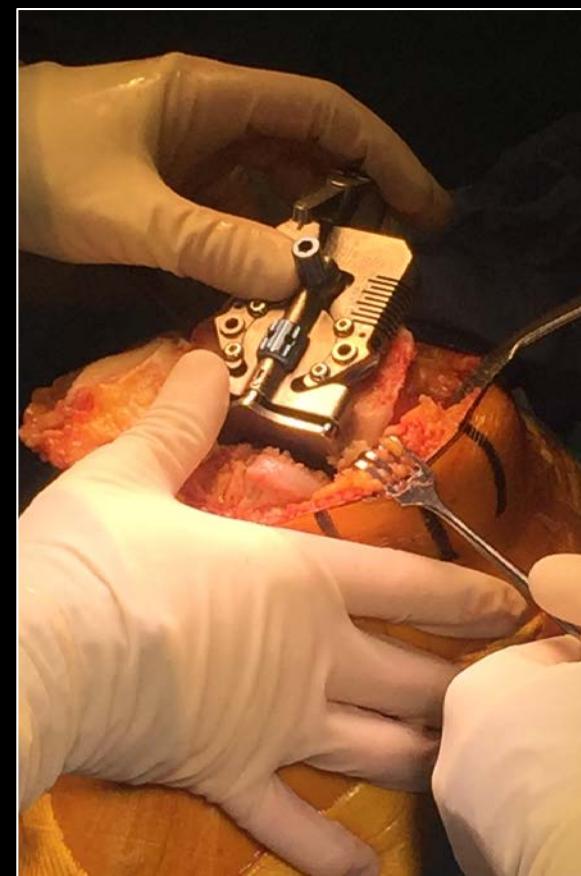
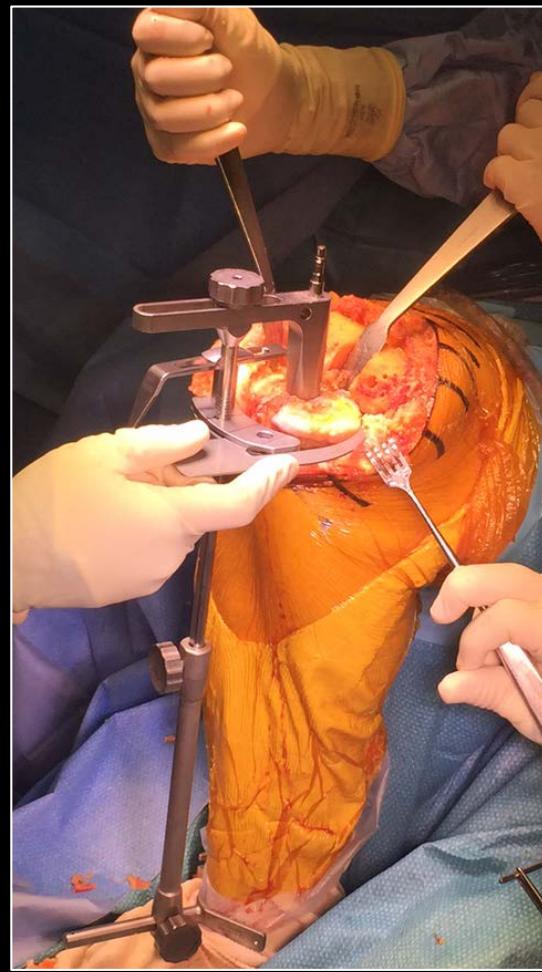
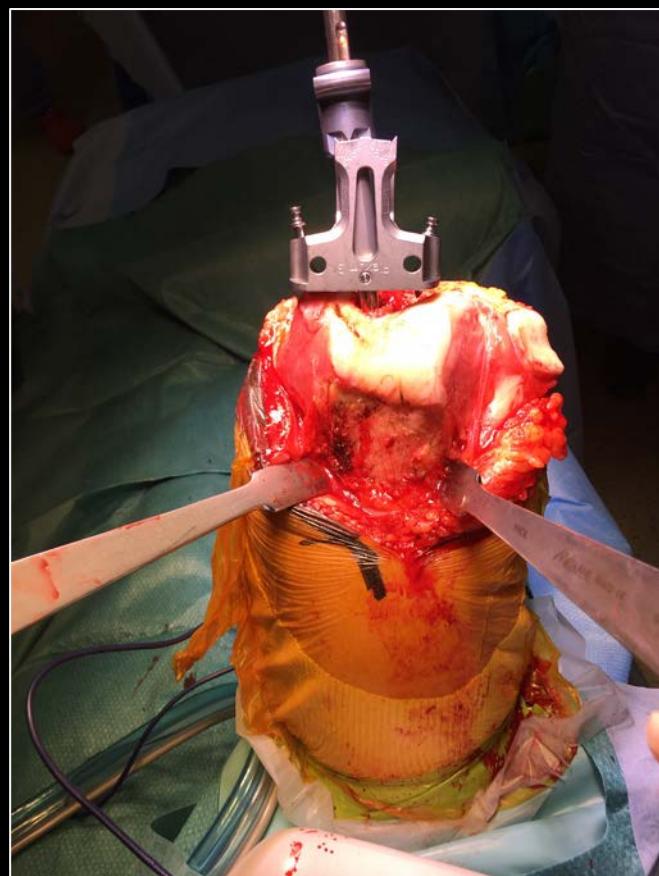
**T rotation**

**towards ATT**

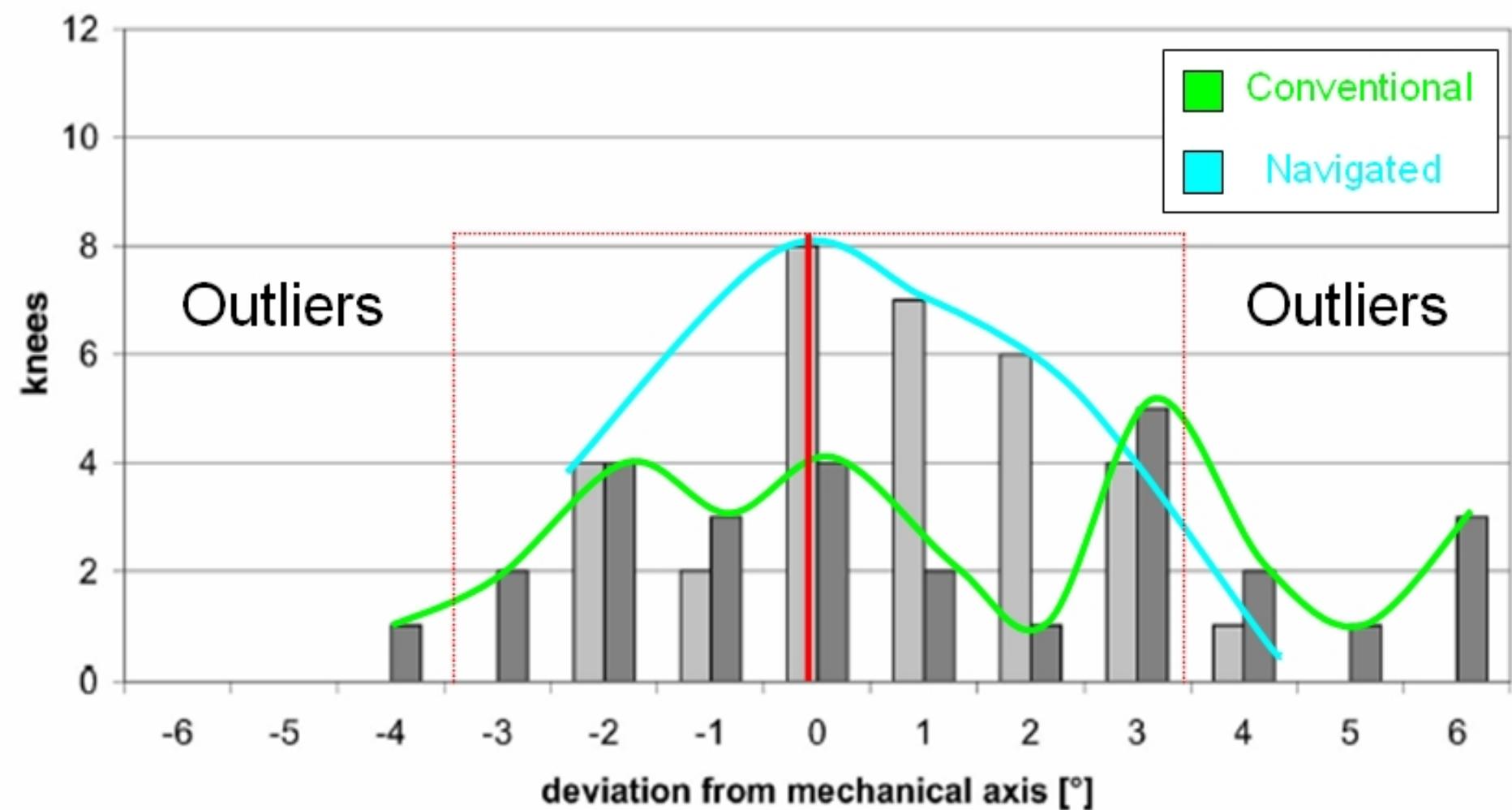
# Mechanical alignment

1. *Definition ?*
2. *Important targets ?*
3. *How do we best achieve it ?*

# Standard technique ?



## mechanical axis frontal plane



# Navigation

Knee Surg Sports Traumatol Arthrosc  
DOI 10.1007/s00167-011-1588-8

KNEE

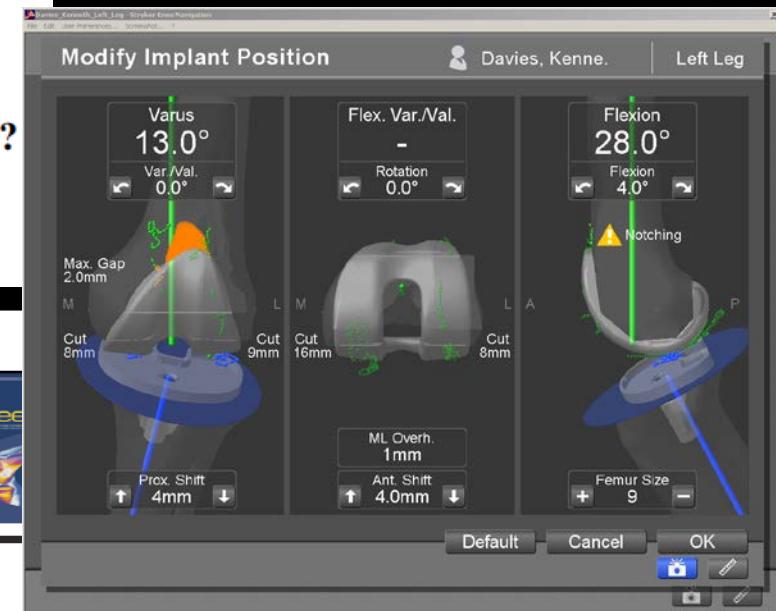
**Does computer-assisted surgery improve postoperative leg alignment and implant positioning following total knee arthroplasty? A meta-analysis of randomized controlled trials?**

Tao Cheng · Song Zhao · Xiaochun Peng ·  
Xianlong Zhang

The Knee 18 (2011) 15–20

Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

The Knee



The accuracy of acquisition of an imageless computer-assisted system and its implication for knee arthroplasty

S. Lustig <sup>a,b,\*</sup>, C. Fleury <sup>c</sup>, D. Goy <sup>c</sup>, P. Neyret <sup>a,b</sup>, S.T. Donell <sup>d</sup>

<sup>a</sup> Service de chirurgie orthopédique. Centre Albert Trillat, Hôpital de la Croix Rousse. 8, rue de Margrolles, 69300 Villeurbanne, Lyon, France

<sup>b</sup> Université Lyon 1, F-69003, Institut National de Recherche sur les Transports et la Sécurité, Bron, F-69675, Laboratoire de Biomécanique et Mécanique des Chocs, UMR\_T 9406, France

<sup>c</sup> TORNIER SAS, 161 rue Lavoirier, Montbonnot, 38334, Saint-Ismer, France

<sup>d</sup> Norfolk & Norwich University Hospital, Colney Lane, Colney, Norwich NR4 7UY, UK

# Prospective Randomized Trials

Conventional Manual Navigation vs.  
Computer Assisted Optical Tracking Navigation

Sparmann et al.	JBJS	2003
Grifka et al.	Orthopedics	2004
Stockl et al.	Clin Orthop	2004
Haaker et al	Clin Orthop	2005

\* All demonstrate statistically significant  
improvement in alignment parameters between CAS  
and Manual TKA



## Editorial

The bone cuts and ligament balance in total knee arthroplasty: The third way using computer assisted surgery

Lustig et al.

**"Clinical studies have demonstrated that CAS reduces the number of outliers in component positioning and leg alignment as reported in the study by Lützen et al. Similar results have also been reported in a meta-analysis of level-I studies. "**

**" Unfortunately, the total time spent in the operating room and the lack of clinical amelioration has tempered its uniform acceptance by the surgical community. "**

# MEDIOCRITY

IT TAKES A LOT LESS TIME  
AND MOST PEOPLE WON'T NOTICE THE DIFFERENCE  
UNTIL IT'S TOO LATE.

Saving time ?



# Can Patient Specific Instruments Extrapolate CAS Data ?



Contents lists available at SciVerse ScienceDirect  
The Journal of Arthroplasty  
journal homepage: [www.arthroplastyjournal.org](http://www.arthroplastyjournal.org)

THE JOURNAL OF  
ARTHROPLASTY  
**OAIIKS**

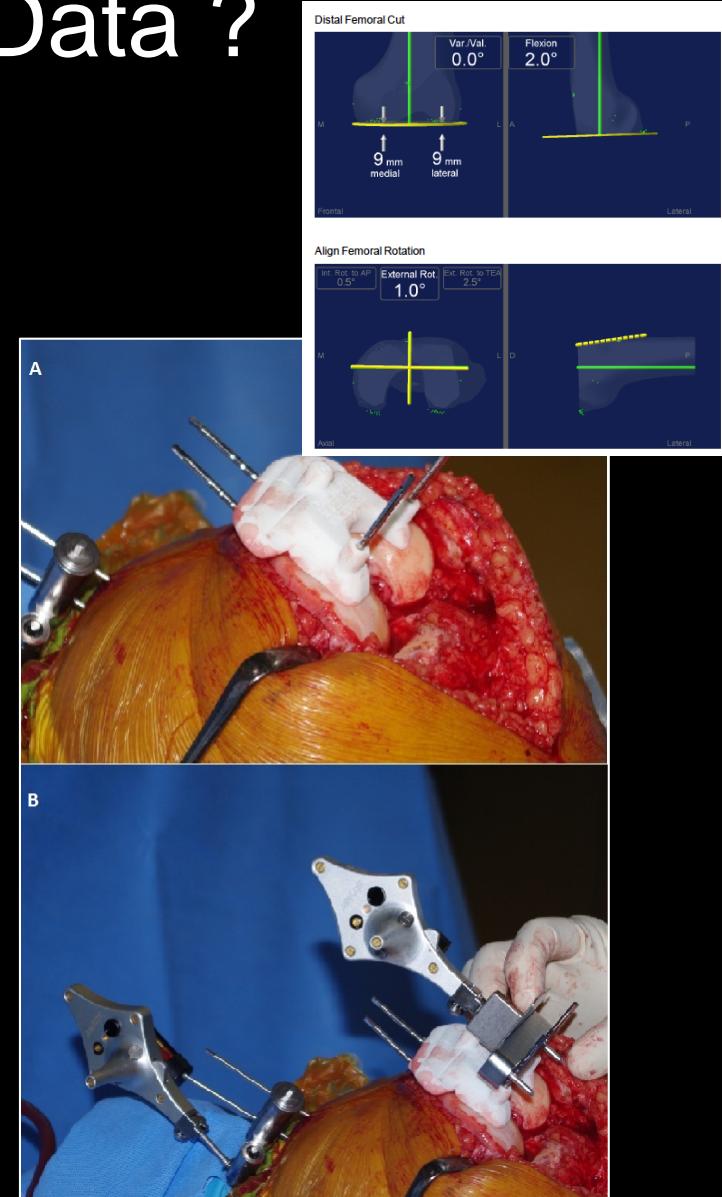
Unsatisfactory Accuracy as Determined by Computer Navigation of VISIONAIRE Patient-Specific Instrumentation for Total Knee Arthroplasty

Sébastien Lustig MD, PhD <sup>a,b</sup>, Corey J. Scholes PhD <sup>a</sup>, Sam I. Oussledik FRCS <sup>a</sup>, Vera Kinzel FRACS <sup>a</sup>, Myles R.J. Coolican FRACS <sup>a</sup>, David A. Parker FRACS <sup>a</sup>

20% mismatch  $> 3^\circ$  for all parameters

35% mismatch  $> 3^\circ$  for sagittal positionning of the femur

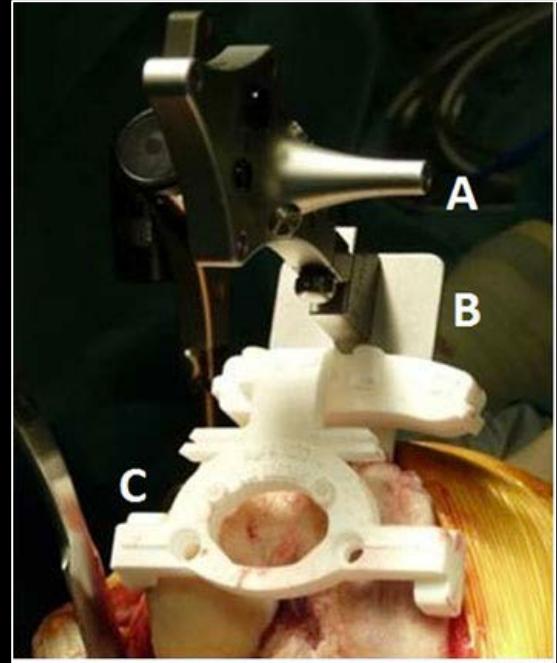
« Mistakes » up to **8°** for the frontal plane and **13°** for the sagittal plane



## Intra- and post-operative accuracy assessments of two different patient-specific instrumentation systems for total knee replacement

Andrea Ensini · Antonio Timoncini · Francesco Cenni ·  
Claudio Belvedere · Francesca Fusai · Alberto Leardini ·  
Sandro Giannini

n= 50



"(...)Despite good coronal alignments of the single prosthetic components, the lower limb mechanical axis was not restored correctly in a number of patients. (...) "

## Patient-specific instrumentation for total knee arthroplasty does not match the pre-operative plan as assessed by intra-operative computer-assisted navigation

Corey Scholes · Varun Sahni · Sebastien Lustig ·  
David A. Parker · Myles R. J. Coolican

n=30

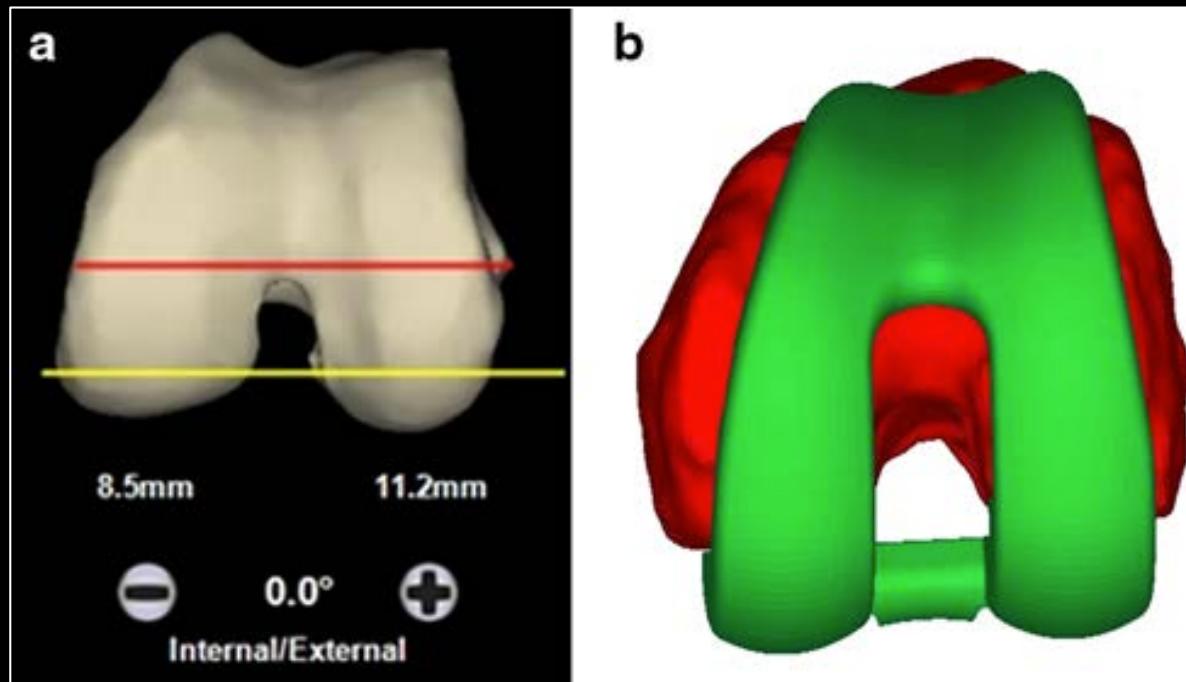


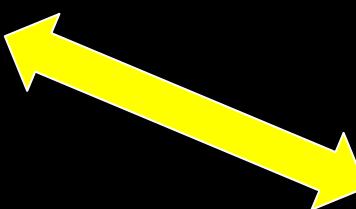
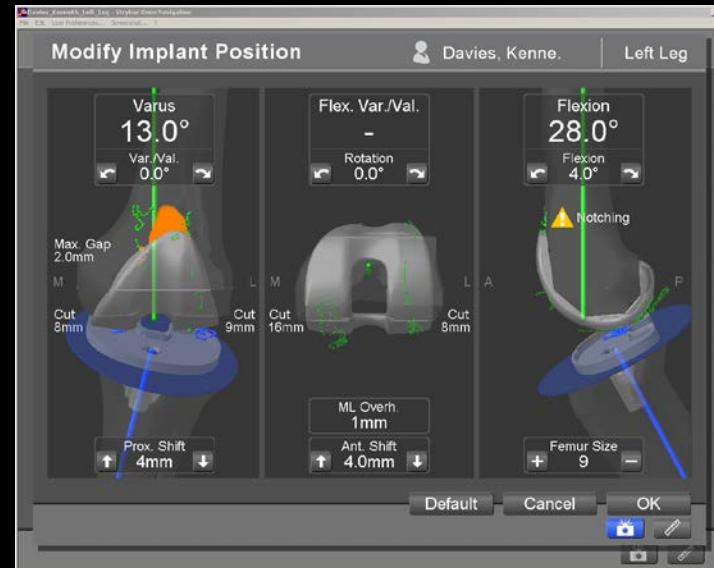
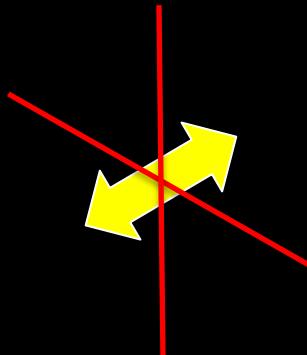
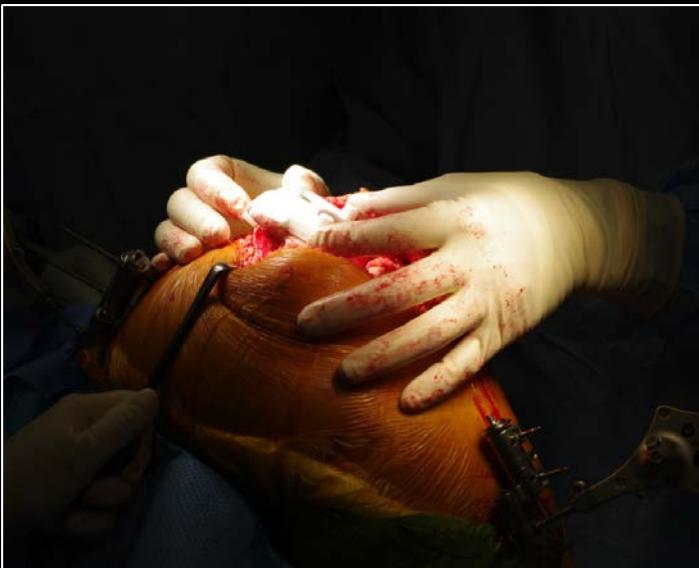
" (...) the error for total coronal alignment exceeded 3° for 27 % of the sample (...) "

## Rotation in total knee arthroplasty: no difference between patient-specific and conventional instrumentation

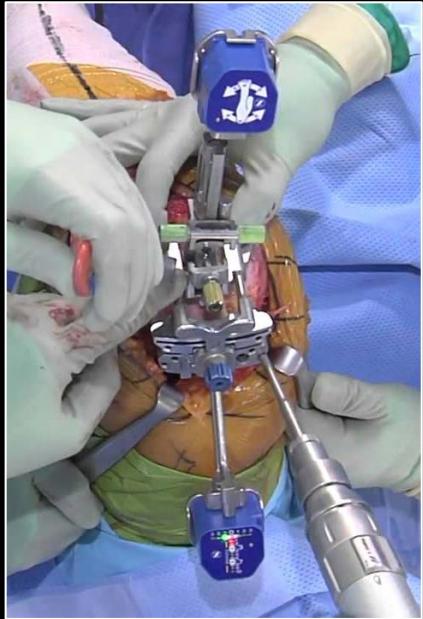
Sébastien Parratte · Guillaume Blanc ·  
Thomas Boussemart · Matthieu Ollivier ·  
Thomas Le Coroller · Jean-Noël Argenson

20 vs 20





# Smart Instrument



*Accelerometer-based, portable navigation*

 Orthopaedic Journal  
of Sports Medicine | SAGE

[Orthop J Sports Med](#). 2016 Feb; 4(2 Suppl): 2325967116S00016.  
Published online 2016 Feb 16. doi: [10.1177/2325967116S00016](https://doi.org/10.1177/2325967116S00016) PMCID: PMC4901785

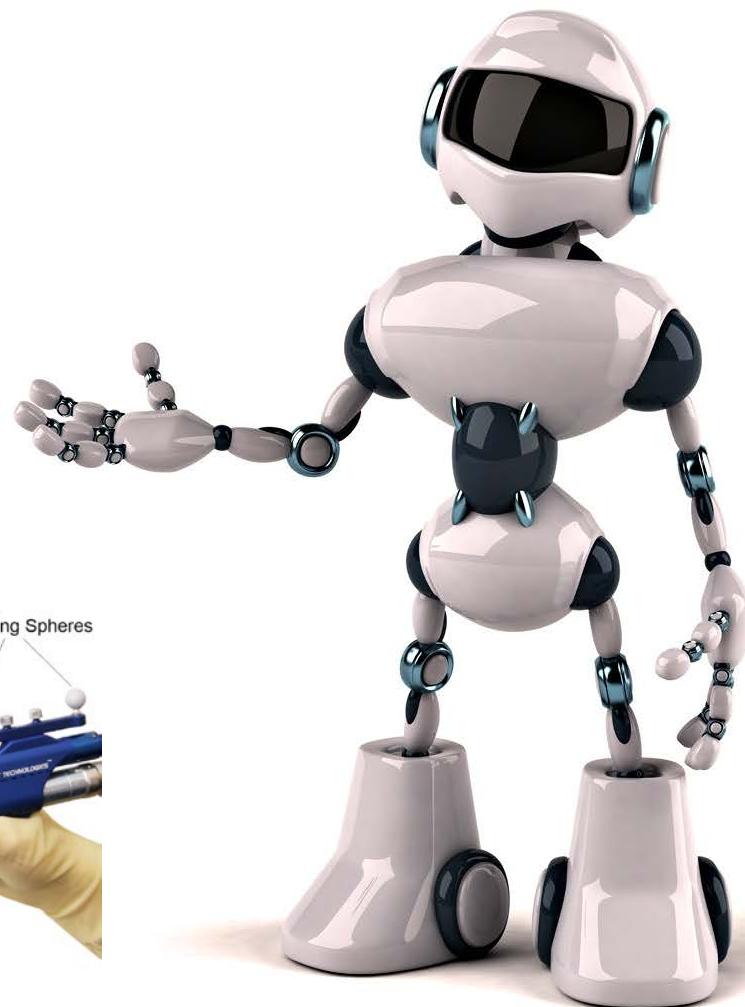
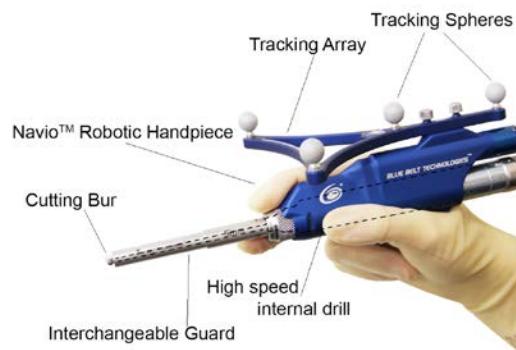
**Radiological Outcomes and Operative Time following Total Knee Arthroplasty using Accelerometer-based, Portable Navigation versus Conventional Inter-Medullary Alignment Guides**

Samuel MacDessi,<sup>1</sup> GN Solayar,<sup>1</sup> N Thatcher,<sup>1</sup> and Darren B Chen<sup>1</sup>



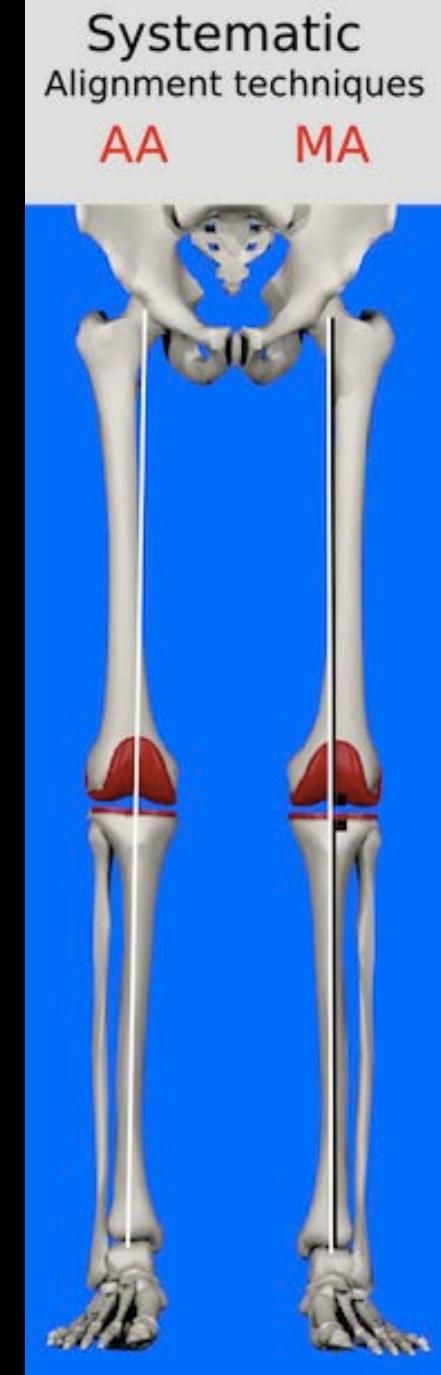
« ... » Accelerometer-based, portable navigation has a **statistically similar outcome in alignment following TKA as IM guides**. It is noted that using the portable navigation device does prolong surgical time compared to conventional IM surgery and this may be due to the learning curve. « ... »

# Robotic ?



# Take Home Message

- Targets :
  - Femur 90°
  - Tibia 90°
  - External rotation femoral component / compensate asymmetrical distal cut
- Standard technique
- Technology ?
  - Navigation ++





# Thank You

*sebastien.lustig@gmail.com*